

PHASTAR CORPORATION

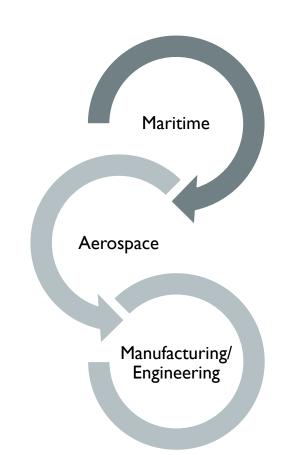
Maritime and Aerospace Education

Who We Are

PHASTAR seeks to break the cycle of poverty and increase equity in the workforce by providing hands-on experiential learning opportunities and work experience for youth interested in exploring aerospace and maritime.

WELCOME TO PHASTAR

EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING



WORK EXPERIENCE

DAVIS AEROSPACE AND MARITIME HIGH SCHOOL

PROVIDES STAFFING, DAY TO DAY OPERATIONS AND GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM AND DELIVERY

CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN SCHOOL DISTRICT





DAVIS A&M STUDENTS

PROVIDES THEMATIC
CURRICULUM SUPPORT,
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
AND EXPERIENTIAL
PROGRAMMING



BOATING EDUCATION

- SPIRIT OF AMERICA
- OHIO BOATING EDUCATION COURSE

BOATING MECHANICS

• YAMAHA UNIVERSITY (small engine repair)

WATER SAFETY

- LIFEGUARDING
- FIRST AID / CPR TRAINING
- SWIMMING

ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

- CASE UNIVERSITY MARINE ECOLOGY
- RIVER SWEEP
- WATERSHED RESTORATION

WATER EXPLORATION

- BOAT BUILDING CLUB
- SAILING
- ROWING

MARITIME EDUCATION & EXPLORATION

2543 MARINE SAFETY SERVICES

NORTHCOAST HARBOR LIFE RING PROJECT

MARITIME COMMUNITY SAFETY & STUDENT WORK EXPERIENCE

KEY MARITIME PARTNERSHIPS

Port of Cleveland

Case Western University

University Hospitals

Spirit of America

Interlake Maritime Services

Lake Carrier's Association

Samsel Supply Company



Opportunities to improve environmental performance in the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Maritime Transportation System

September 23, 2021

green-marine.org







STUDY BACKGROUND - MANDATE









For the Conference of Great Lakes St. Lawrence Governors & Premiers



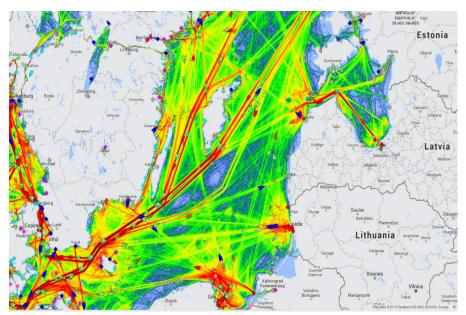
Final report July 19, 2021

- A survey of maritime transportation environmental best practices & new technologies
 - ➤ GLSL region
 - > Elsewhere in North America
 - > Peer European maritime systems
- High-level strategies and recommendations with short and long-term actions to exceed regulatory compliance and drive improved environmental performance in the GLSL MTS

PEER SYSTEMS



Baltic Sea



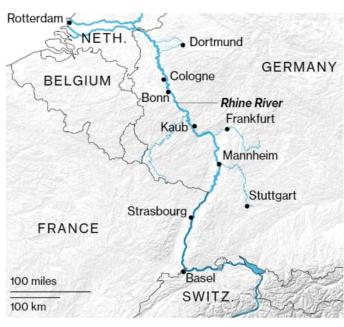
Source: https://www.marinevesseltraffic.com/BALTIC-SEA-AIS/ship-traffic-tracker

Port of Antwerp



Source: Port of Antwerp Website

Rhine River



Sources: CORINE Land Cover, Natural Earth

SELECTED ISSUES FOR THE REPORT



- 1. Air quality and climate change
 - GHGs & energy efficiency
 - \triangleright Air emissions: SO_X, NO_X, PM
 - Climate change adaptation and resiliency
- 2. Water quality
 - Vessel incidental discharges
 - Spill prevention
 - Stormwater management
- 3. Biodiversity
 - Marine mammals
 - Aquatic invasive species biofouling
- 4. Waste management
- 5. Community impacts of port operations



SURVEY OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES















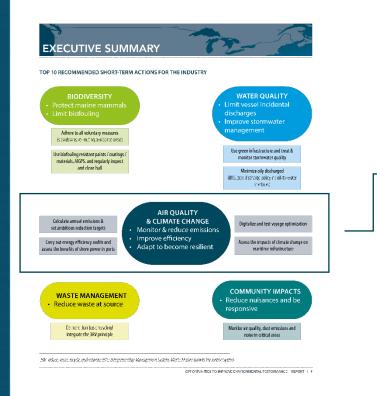






Air Quality and Climate Change

- Top 4 actions -



AIR QUALITY & CLIMATE CHANGE

- Monitor & reduce emissions
- Improve efficiency
- Adapt to become resilient

Calculate annual emissions & set ambitious reduction targets

Carry out energy efficiency audits and assess the benefits of shore power in ports

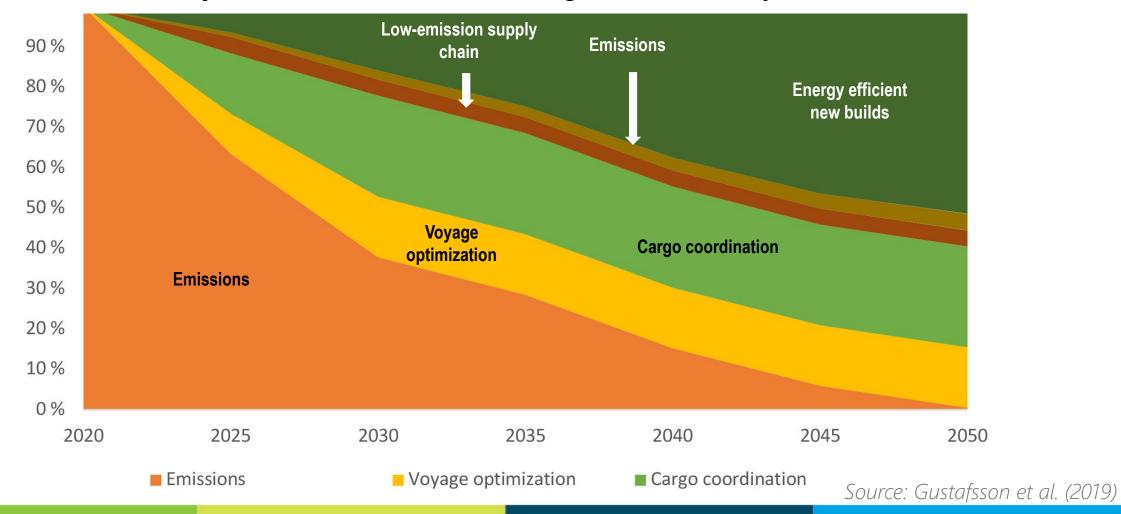
Digitalize and test voyage optimization

Assess the impacts of climate change on maritime infrastructure

IMPACT OF DIGITALIZATION ON GHG REDUCTIONS



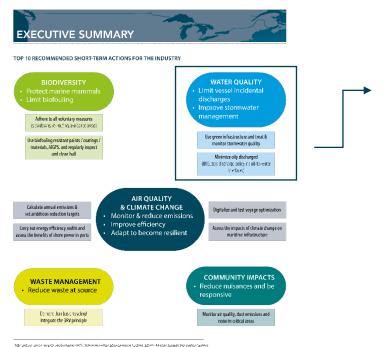
Projected Roles in Eliminating Emissions by 2050





Water Quality

- Top 2 actions -



WATER QUALITY

- Limit vessel incidental discharges
- Improve stormwater management

Use green infrastructure and treat & monitor stormwater quality

Minimize oily discharge (IBTS, zero discharge policy, no oil-to-water interfaces)

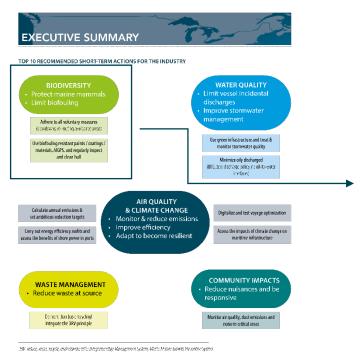
BIV reduce reuse recede and valence of its integrated filter Management System, Michig Marine Gawith Presention System

OPPOST IN THES TO IMPOCAT ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE. PERFORE 1 C



Biodiversity

- Top 2 actions -



BIODIVERSITY

- Protect marine mammals
- Limit biofouling

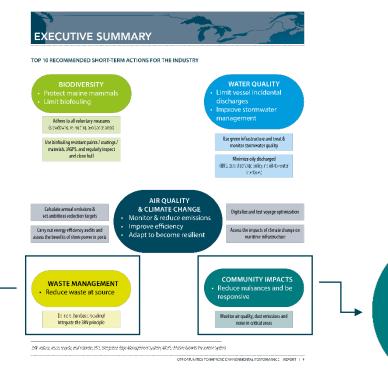
Adhere to all voluntary measures (slowdowns, re-routing, avoidance areas)

Use biofouling resistant paints / coatings / materials, MGPS, and regularly inspect and clean hull

OPPOSTER THE TO IMPOST EVALUATION FOR PROPERTY OF A PROPER



Waste management Recommended action:



Community Impacts Recommended action:

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Reduce waste at source

Do more than basic recycling! Integrate the 3RV principle

COMMUNITY IMPACTS

Reduce nuisances and be responsive

Monitor air quality, dust emissions and noise in critical areas

RECOMMENDATIONS & CONCLUSION



FOUR HIGH-LEVEL STRATEGIES FOR FEDERAL, STATE, PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS

- 1. Promote RD&D
- 2. Plan for the energy transition
- 3. Incentivize green shipping
- 4. Harmonize U.S. and Canadian governmental approaches



green-marine.org

DAVID BOLDUC
Executive Director
david.bolduc@green-marine.org

VERONIQUE TRUDEAU
Program Manager – St. Lawrence
veronique.trudeau@green-marine.org



September 23, 2021

Challenges and Opportunities of Great Lakes Navigation

Dr. David J. Closs



Grand Challenge and Need

Assess the potential benefits of a data sharing platform and specific, value-chain based tools to realize supply chain efficiencies for the taconite and steel industry supply chain in the Great Lakes St. Lawrence region. The primary focus is to identify system constraints and determine ways to increase value for cargo owners and supply chain partners.

Rationale for Methodology

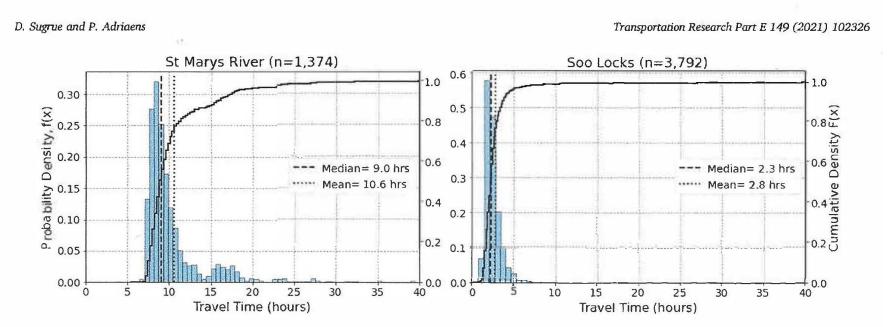
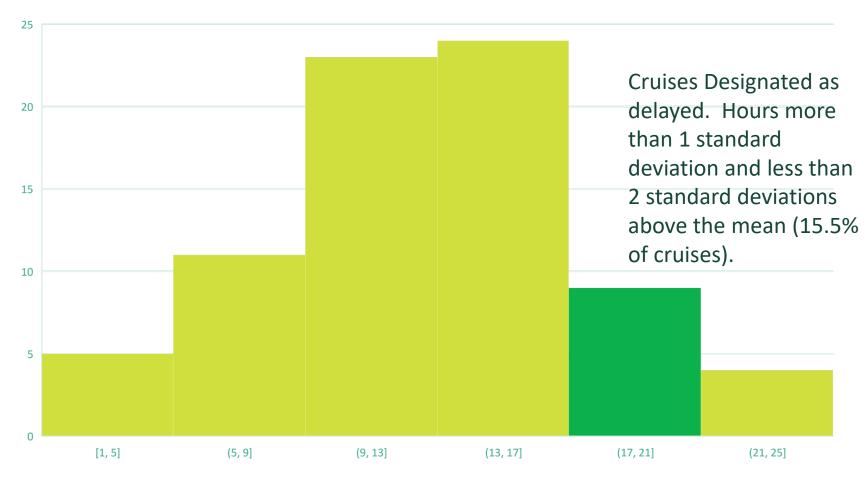


Fig. 9. Travel time distribution for vessel voyages through the St Marys River (left) and the Soo Locks (right). Data (). Source Sugrue 2020

Example Normal Distribution



NxtPort Applications for Ore Vessels

- NxtPort could assist with tracking and scheduling but the current volume and variation in schedules can be handled effectively using existing data and communication technologies.
- Due to the relatively few number of carriers (3), there is substantial concern regarding data confidentiality and the need for sharing.
- Since each lane is primarily controlled by a single mine-carrier-mill relationship, there is not a significant need to share information.

Results Review – Stakeholder Interviews

- 1. Based on stakeholder discussions with mines, mills, carriers, industry, and governmental organizations. In total, eight organizations and fifteen individuals were interviewed.
- 2. While the industry and governmental organizations indicated that they thought the information platform and decision applications would be helpful, the mines, mills, and carriers did not express strong support.
- 3. Interviewees felt that the taconite industry is relatively simple in terms of shipping patterns, can effectively operate with existing communication and information technologies, and is heavily concentrated.
- 4. There doesn't seem to be strong taconite industry support to implement a more sophisticated regional data platform and decision application system.

Results Review – Quantitative Analysis

- 1. Quantitative analysis focused on the commercial Great Lakes maritime activity levels from 2016 through 2020.
- 2. Taconite represents 65 percent of the tonnage and 31 percent of the sailings on the upper Great Lakes. Generally, taconite moves are from the docks at the mines (Duluth, MN; Presque Isle, MI; Silver Bay, MN; Superior, WI; and Two Harbors, MN) to the mills (Burns Harbor, IN; Cleveland, OH; Conneaut, OH; Dearborn, MI; Gary, IN; and Toledo, OH).
- 3. The average time from arrival at a dock to the arrival at the next destination is 78 hours. This includes the loading time at the origin dock. The sailing times have standard deviations ranging from 10 to 29 hours.
- 4. This research defined late shipments as those that had an arrival time later than the average lane arrival time plus one standard deviation but less than two standard deviations. Out of the sample of 2,311 sailings, 137 or 6 percent were identified as delayed.
- 5. CPCS (2021) report estimated the 1000-foot laker variable cost while moving is \$1,188 per hour.
- 6. When the sample shipments are projected to the total number of annual shipments (divided by 62 percent), the variable cost related to taconite delays is estimated to be \$1.4 million on a base of \$63.4 million or 2.21 percent.

Results Review – NxtPort Analysis

- 1. The NxtPort platform provides a strong flexible foundation to monitor and support maritime operations considering facilities, product flows, and activities. The foundation is particularly strong with respect to data interchange between platforms and applications.
- 2. The applications are generally developed by supply chain collaborators, industry organizations, or third-party developers. While the applications are strong and well done for many industries, they are generally focused on the container trade rather than bulk material such as taconite pellets.
- 3. It would be necessary for the industry or others to develop applications and this may be a challenge in a highly concentrated competitive industry.
- 4. In summary, while the NxtPort platform and decision applications could be immediately useful to facilitate, for example, potential Great Lakes container operations, the value for the taconite industry would probably be limited to scheduling in congested areas such as the locks in the near term.

Conclusions

- 1. Explore the potential for use of the NxtPort platform and decision applications for other cargoes (e.g., bulk, breakbulk, containers, roll-on/roll-off (RORO)) in the upper Great Lakes. While the NxtPort system could facilitate potential container operations or handling of bulk products like steel coils, bars, or slabs, it does not provide significant improvements for the taconite industry in its current form;
- 2. Explore the application of the NxtPort platform and decision applications in areas of congestion such as the Soo Locks and St. Marys River;
- 3. Delay reduction can result in reducing variable cost and GHG savings. However, the estimated percentage (2-2.5 percent) and absolute amount (\$1.4 million and 221.8 kilotons annually) may not be substantial enough to motivate a change in traditional operations;
- 4. Consider the use of the NxtPort platform and decision applications that are most developed and ready to implement for the region such as to promote the container trade in the Great Lakes. This consideration would have to evaluate the value proposition for Great Lakes container trade.

Next Steps (Suggestions)

- 1. Evaluate the opportunity for improved data sharing to reduce transit times (and resulting cost and GHG emissions) at the Soo Locks and at specific docks;
- 2. Evaluate the opportunity for improved data sharing to increase value for other bulk cargoes already moving on the Great Lakes, as well other cargo types such as breakbulk and containers;
- 3. Evaluate the potential for increased container trade on Great Lakes ports including analysis of the potential of a data sharing platform and decision tools such as NxtPort to facilitate container movement;
- 4. Evaluate the potential for improved data sharing to reduce GHG emissions across the regional maritime system; and
- 5. Evaluate the value proposition of moving specialized freight such as automobiles around the Great Lakes from major manufacturing plants to major markets.



Questions & Discussion

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